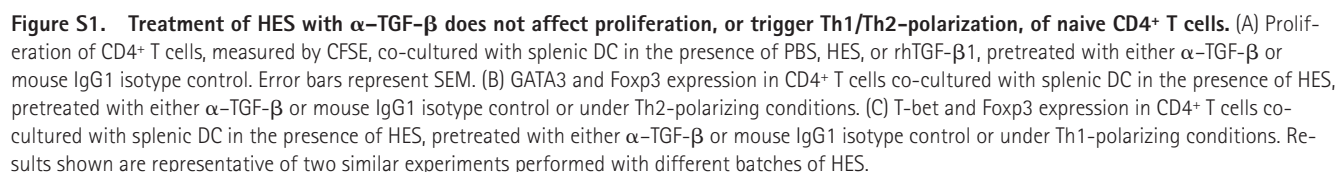


Grainger et al., <http://www.jem.org/cgi/content/full/jem.20101074/DC1>



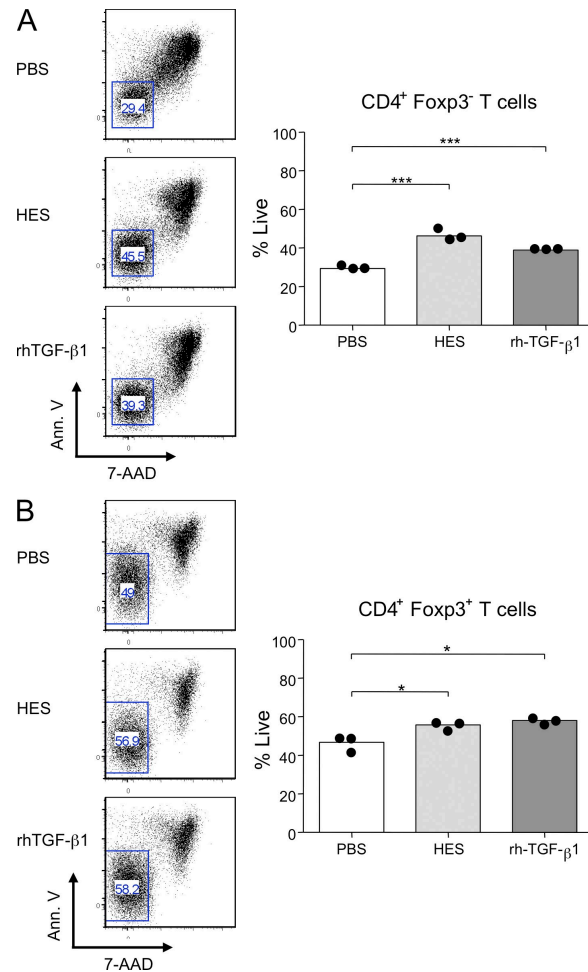


Figure S2. HES, like TGF- β , has an antiapoptotic effect and prolongs survival of T reg and effector CD4⁺ T cells. (A) Naive splenic cells were cultured in vitro for 5 d together with anti-CD3 in the presence of HES, TGF- β , or medium alone. Cells were then analyzed by flow cytometry for expression of the apoptosis-associated markers 7AAD and annexin V. ***, $P < 0.001$. (B) Foxp3-eGFP⁺ CD4⁺ T cells were cultured in the presence or absence of HES or TGF- β and cells analyzed by flow cytometry for expression of the apoptosis-associated markers 7AAD and annexin V. Results shown are representative of two similar experiments performed with different batches of HES. *, $P < 0.05$. Data points represent individual wells and bars represent mean values.

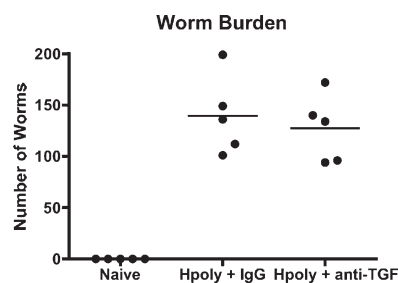


Figure S3. Antibody blocking of host TGF- β does not significantly change worm burden. C57BL/6 mice were infected with 200 *H. polygyrus* L3 cells by gavage. On days 31, 33, and 35, mice received 50 μ g 1D11 monoclonal antibody or mouse IgG1 control by intraperitoneal injection, and adult worm numbers were counted at day 41. Two additional experiments, also with five mice per group and using up to five antibody doses at varying times, had a similar outcome. Bars represent mean values.