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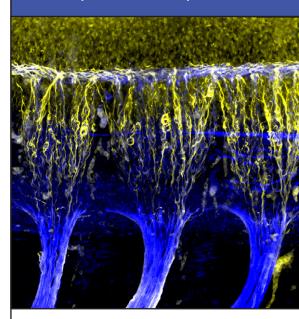
229 Protein misfolding specifies recruitment to cytoplasmic

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On the cover

McConnell et al. find that the repulsive guidance cue Slit induces the formation and elongation of growth cone filopodia by promoting binding of Ena/VASP proteins to the Robo receptor and that this response is required for dorsal root ganglion axons to avoid Slit. In this image of a whole-mount wild-type mouse embryo, axons extending from the dorsal root ganglia (yellow) make a sharp turn upon entering the spine, aligning normally along the anterior/posterior axis in response to Slit secreted from the dorsal spine midline. Neurofilament, yellow; GAP43, blue.

Image © 2016 McConnell et al.

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Remodeling the zonula adherens in response to tension and the role of afadin in this response

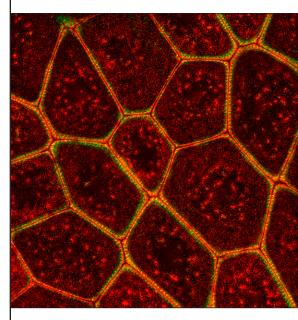
Wangsun Choi, Bipul R. Acharya, Grégoire Peyret, Marc-Antoine Fardin, René-Marc Mège, Benoit Ladoux, Alpha S. Yap, Alan S. Fanning, and Mark Peifer

A requirement for filopodia extension toward Slit during Robo-mediated axon repulsion

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Osteopontin ablation ameliorates muscular dystrophy by shifting macrophages to a pro-regenerative phenotype

Joana Capote, Irina Kramerova, Leonel Martinez, Sylvia Vetrone, Elisabeth R. Barton, H. Lee Sweeney, M. Carrie Miceli, and Melissa J. Spencer



Depletion of ZO proteins led to remodeling of the zonula adherens into a contractile actomyosin machine. Confluent ZO-1/ZO-2 knockdown MDCK cells were immunostained for F-actin (red) and non-muscle myosin type IIB (green). Shown is a projection of an apical 3-µm tissue section. Superresolution images were acquired and processed using an OMX structured illumination microscope. Image is courtesy of Wangsun Choi (University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill). Image © 2016 Choi et al. See page 243.