

# Supplemental material

Huang et al., <https://doi.org/10.1083/jcb.201902164>

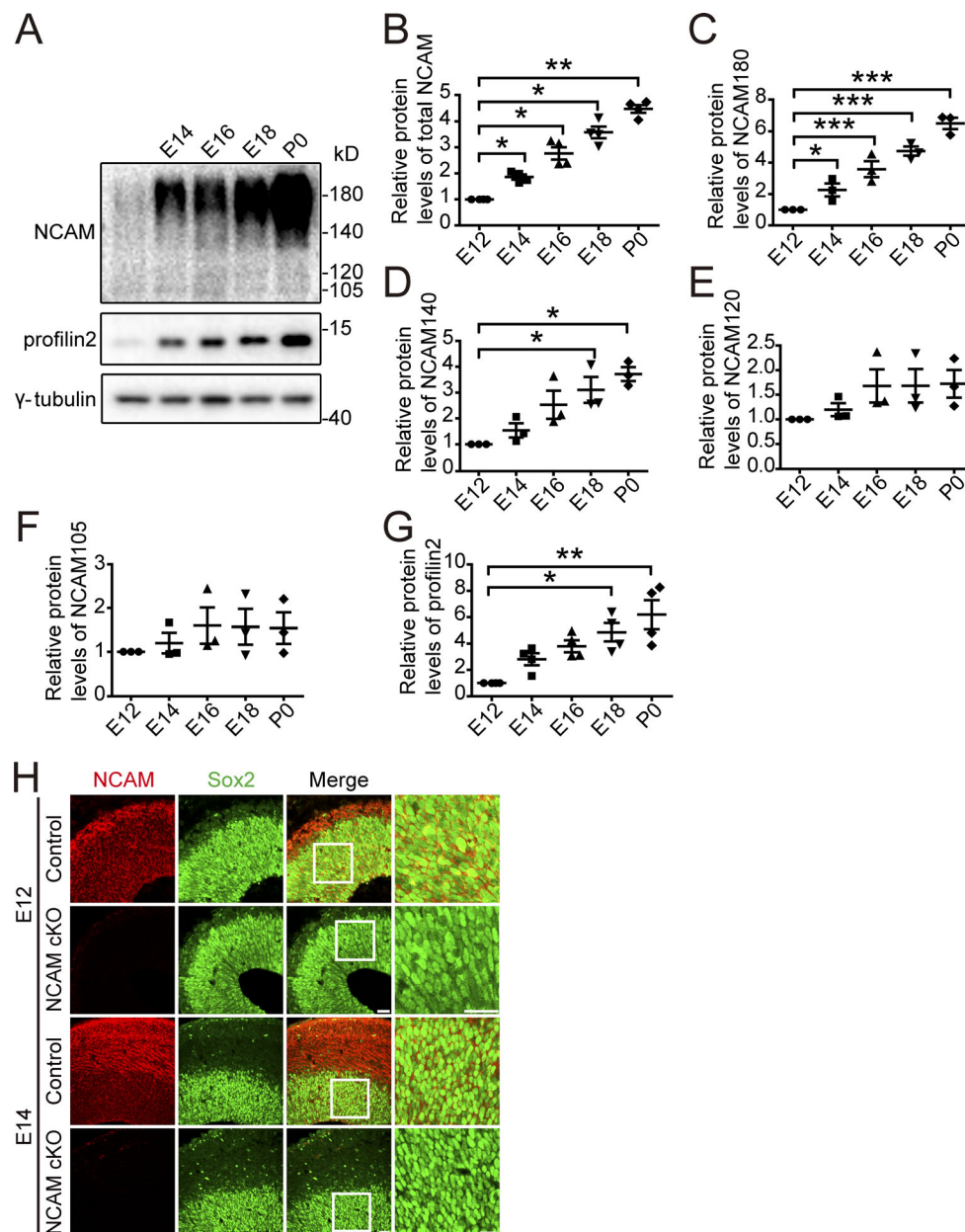


Figure S1. **Expression of NCAM and profilin2 in the developing cerebral cortex.** (A–G) Western blot analysis of NCAM and profilin2 expression in E12, E14, E16, E18, and P0 mouse cortices.  $\gamma$ -Tubulin served as a control. The protein levels in E14, E16, E18, and P0 mouse cortices were quantified relative to the protein levels in E12 mouse cortices set to 1.0.  $n = 3$  or 4 biological replicates (total NCAM and profilin2, respectively). (H) Coronal sections of control and NCAM-cKO mouse cortices were coimmunostained for NCAM and Sox2 at E12 and E14. Scale bars, 20  $\mu$ m. Values represent mean  $\pm$  SEM. \*,  $P < 0.05$ ; \*\*,  $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*,  $P < 0.001$  (two sided). One-way ANOVA with least significant difference correction (C and F), with Dunnett's T3 correction (B, D, and E), or Kruskal-Wallis test with Dunn-Bonferroni post hoc comparison (G).

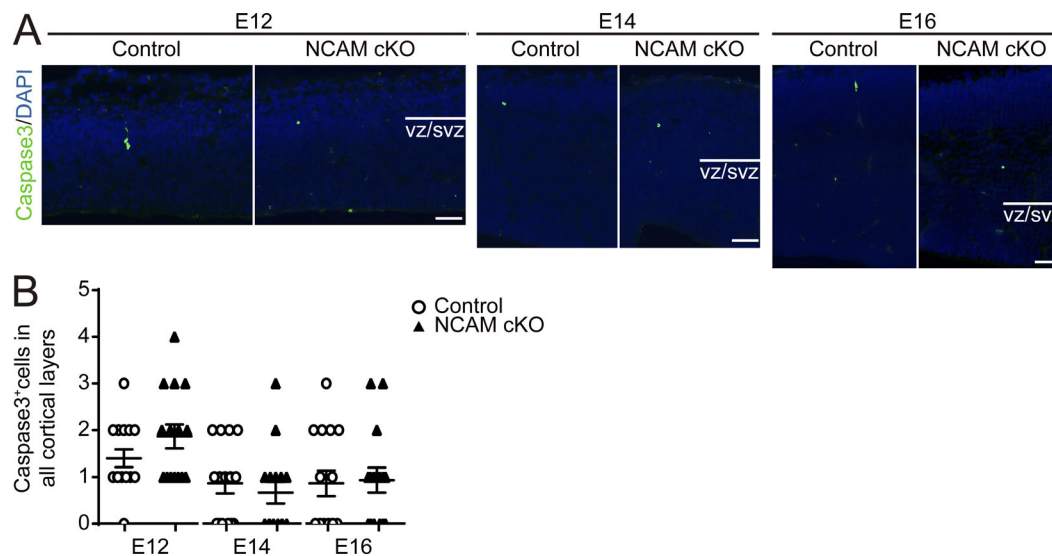


Figure S2. **NCAM deficiency does not lead to increased NPC apoptosis during embryonic development.** (A) Coronal sections of E12, E14, and E16 control and NCAM-cKO cortices were immunostained for activated, cleaved caspase3 and counterstained with DAPI. (B) Numbers of caspase3<sup>+</sup> cells in the entire hemitelencephalon cortex. Mean  $\pm$  SEM values.  $n = 15$  brain slices from three mice. Mann-Whitney test did not reveal a statistically significant differences between groups. Scale bars, 50  $\mu$ m.

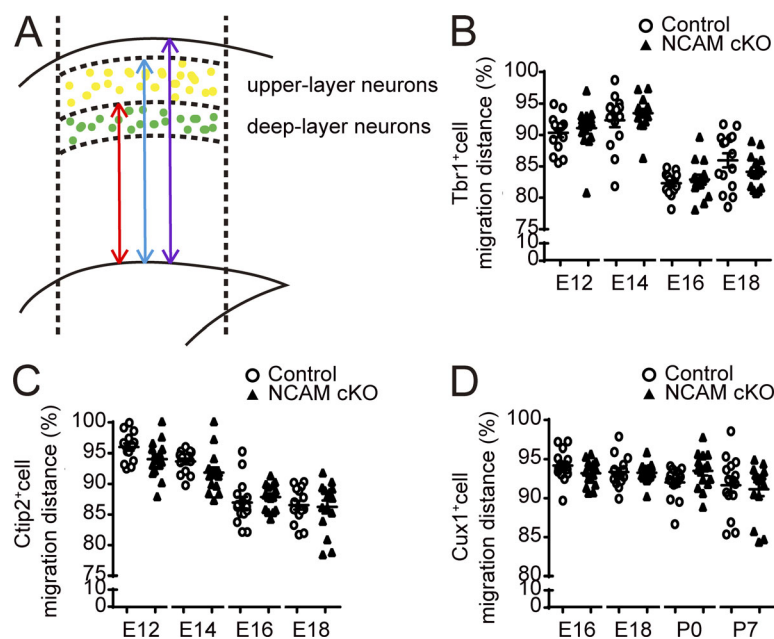


Figure S3. **NCAM deficiency does not affect the distribution of neonatal cortical neurons in the coronal plane.** (A) The cortical neuron distribution was analyzed by the maximum migration distance of deep-layer (red arrow) or upper-layer (blue arrow) neurons from VZ to cortical surface/total cortical length (purple arrow). (B–D) Percentages of the maximum migration distance of Tbr1<sup>+</sup> (B), Ctbp2<sup>+</sup> (C), and Cux1<sup>+</sup> (D) neurons in total cortical length. Mean  $\pm$  SEM values.  $n = 15$  brain slices from three mice. Student's  $t$  test or Mann-Whitney test (E12 and E14 in B and E18 in D).

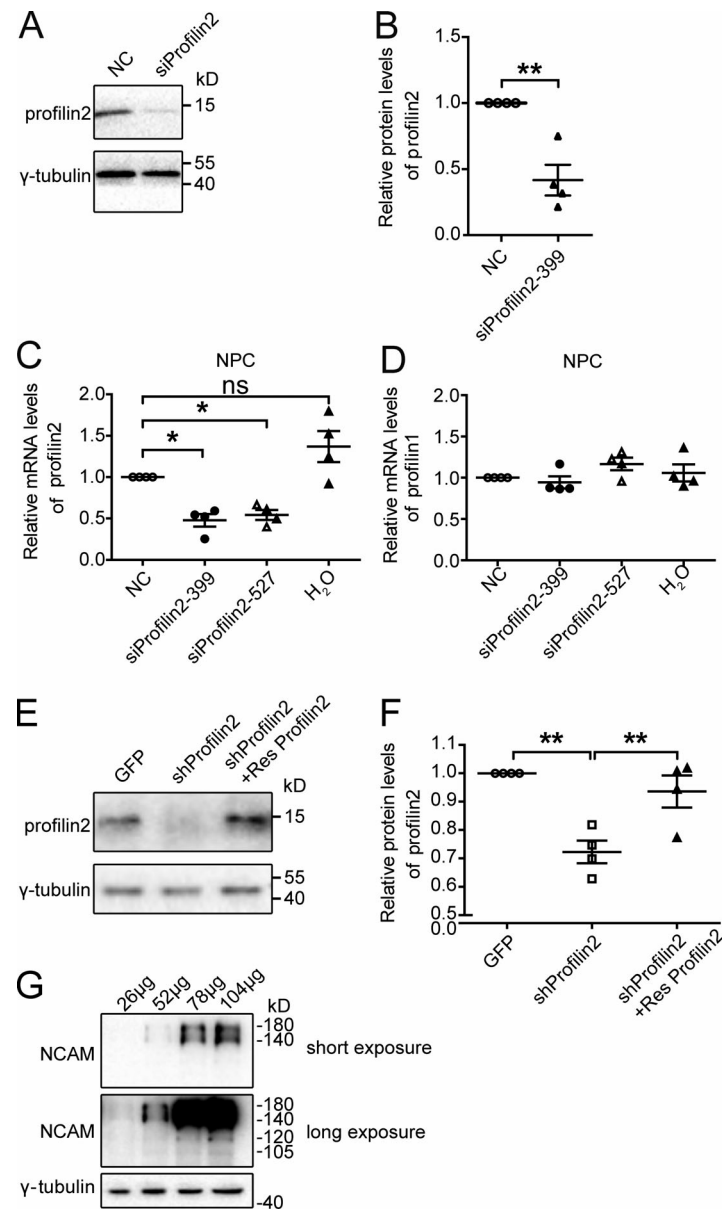


Figure S4. **Profilin2 expression is downregulated specifically by profilin2 RNAi.** (A) Western blot analysis of profilin2 levels in Neuro-2a cells transfected with either siProfilin2 or NC. (B) Levels of profilin2 in siProfilin2-transfected cells relative to those in NC-transfected cells, which were set to 1.0. (C and D) Quantitative PCR analysis of the levels of profilin2 (C) or profilin1 (D) mRNA in cultured NPCs transfected with either siProfilin2 (399 or 527) or NC. The mRNA levels of profilin2/1 in NC-transfected NPCs were set to 1.0. (E and F) Western blot analysis of profilin2 levels in Neuro-2a cells transfected with scrambled shRNA (GFP) or profilin2 shRNA (shProfilin2) only or cotransfected with shProfilin2 and shRNA-resistant profilin2 (Res Profilin2). The levels of profilin2 protein were quantified relative to those in GFP-transfected cells set to 1.0. (G) NCAM levels in brain homogenates loaded in different quantities (26, 53, 78, and 104 μg). Values represent mean ± SEM.  $n = 4$  biological replicates. \*,  $P < 0.05$ ; \*\*,  $P < 0.01$  (two sided); ns, not statistically significant. Paired  $t$  test (B), one-way ANOVA with Dunnett's T3 correction (C and D), or least significant difference correction (F).

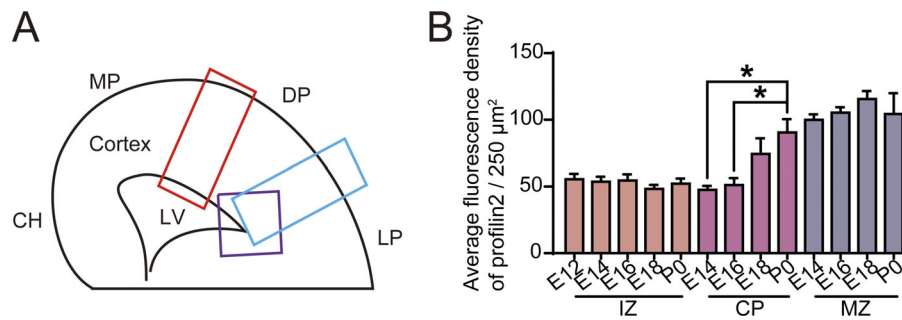


Figure S5. **Schematic diagram showing areas chosen for quantification of cells in imaging analysis.** (A) Red rectangle indicates the  $100 \times 250\text{-}\mu\text{m}$  area of interest in the dorsal pallium (DP) perpendicular to the VZ. Blue rectangle indicates the  $100 \times 250\text{-}\mu\text{m}$  areas of interest in the DP. Purple square indicates the  $150 \times 150\text{-}\mu\text{m}$  area of interest in the DP adjacent to VZ. CH, cortical hem; MP, medial pallium; LP, lateral pallium; LV, lateral ventricle (see Materials and methods for details). (B) Average immunofluorescence density of profilin2 in each cortical layer.  $n = 9$  brain slices from three mice. Values represent mean  $\pm$  SEM. \*,  $P < 0.05$  (two sided). Kruskal-Wallis test with Dunn-Bonferroni post hoc test (CP) and one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni correction (IZ and MZ).