

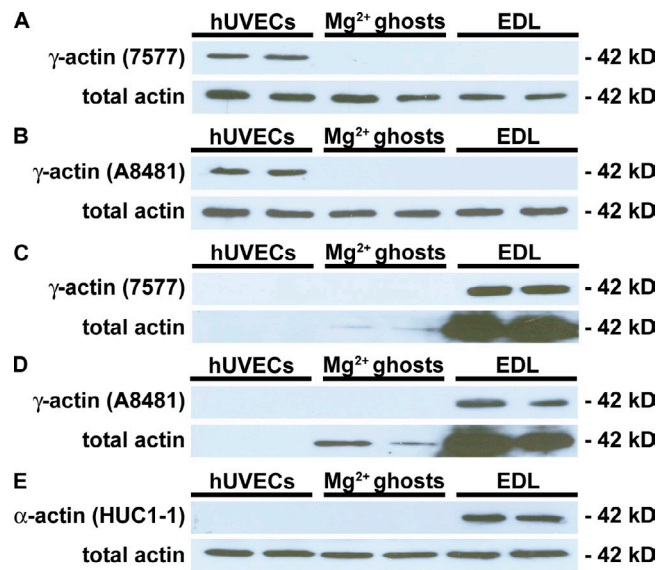
Gokhin and Fowler, <http://www.jcb.org/cgi/content/full/jcb.201011128/DC1>

Figure S1. **Specificity of actin antibodies.** (A and B) Western blots for  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin probed with rabbit pAb 7577 (A) and mouse mAb A8481 (B) on lysates of the following cells/tissues: mouse EDL muscle, which contains  $\alpha_{\text{sk}}$ -actin overwhelmingly and only 1/4,500 as much  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin (Hanft et al., 2006); human erythrocyte membranes (Mg<sup>2+</sup> ghosts), which contain  $\beta_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin exclusively (Pinder et al., 1978; Pinder and Gratzner, 1983; Hooek et al., 1991); and cultured hUVECs, which contain  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin exclusively (Hooek et al., 1991; Galustian et al., 1995). When total actin levels were kept constant, both antibodies detected a  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin band in hUVECs but no  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin band in Mg<sup>2+</sup> ghosts and EDL muscle, consistent with the actin isoform compositions of these samples. (C and D) A  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin band could only be detected in skeletal muscle when hUVECs were underloaded 100-fold, and EDL muscle was overloaded 100-fold before probing blots with rabbit pAb 7577 (C) or mouse mAb A8481 (D). (E) An antibody that was raised against smooth muscle  $\alpha$ -actin but recognizes all muscle  $\alpha$ -actins (mouse mAb HUC1-1) was able to detect an  $\alpha_{\text{sk}}$ -actin band in EDL muscle but no band in hUVECs or Mg<sup>2+</sup> ghosts.

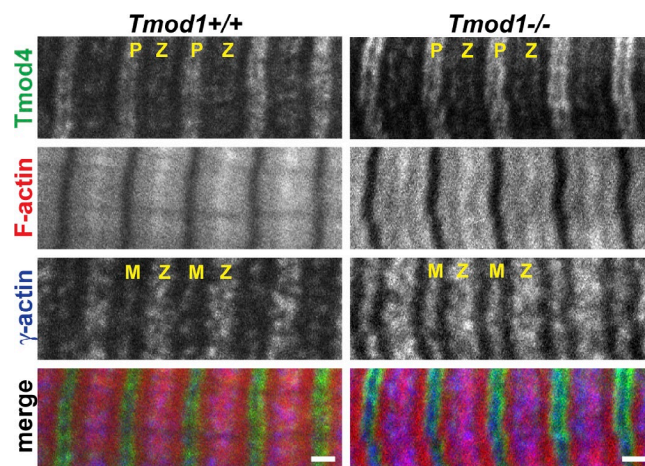


Figure S2. **Z line-flanking localization of Tmod4.** Longitudinal cryosections of 1-mo-old TA muscle fibers from *Tmod1*<sup>+/+</sup> and *Tmod1*<sup>-/-</sup> mice immunostained for Tmod4,  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin, and F-actin. M, M line; P, thin filament pointed ends; Z, Z line. Bars, 1  $\mu$ m.

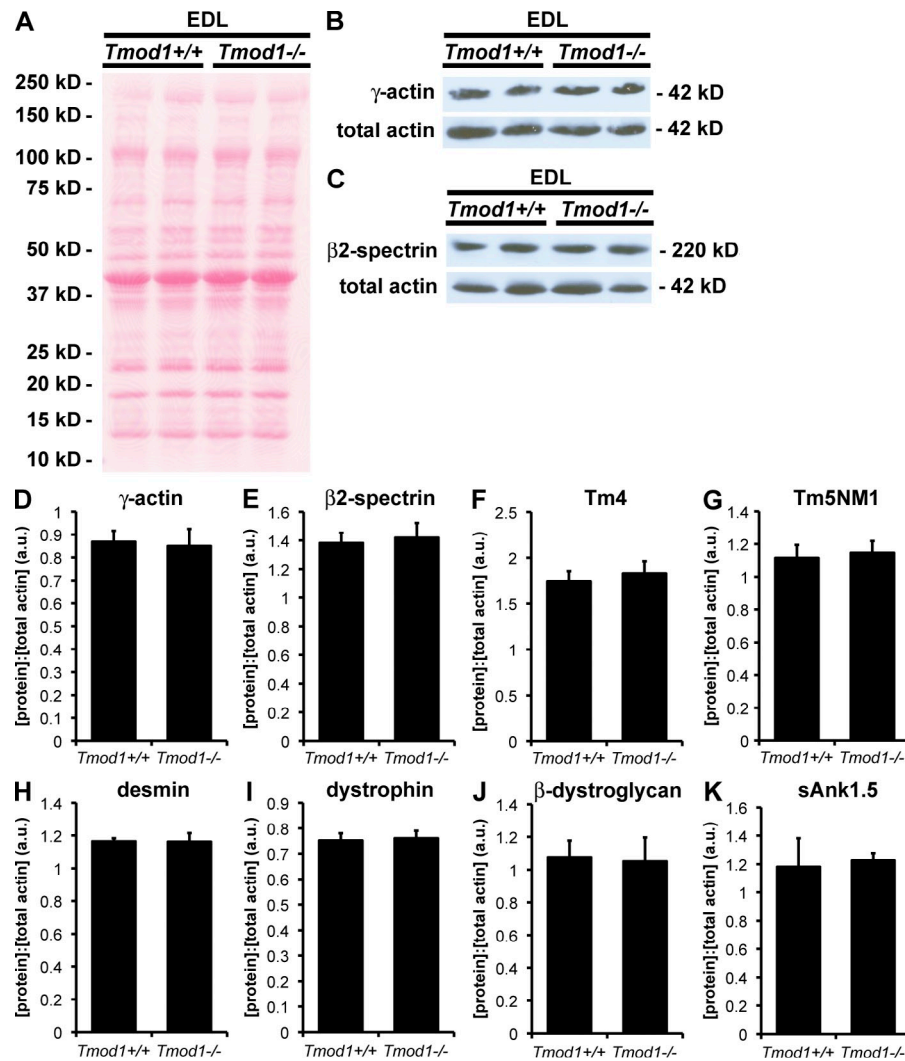


Figure S3. **Deletion of Tmod1 does not alter the levels of extrasarcomeric cytoskeletal proteins.** (A) Ponceau S-stained blots of EDL tissue lysates show no changes in protein composition in *Tmod1*<sup>-/-Tg+</sup> muscle. (B and C) Western blots of EDL tissue lysates show no changes in  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin (B) and  $\beta$ 2-spectrin (C) levels in *Tmod1*<sup>-/-Tg+</sup> muscle. The  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin blot was probed with pAb 7577. (D-K) Quantitation of  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin (D),  $\beta$ 2-spectrin (E), Tm4 (F), Tm5NM1 (G), desmin (H), dystrophin (I),  $\beta$ -dystroglycan (J), and sAnk1.5 (K) protein bands with normalization to total actin (four muscles/genotype). No differences were observed between *Tmod1*<sup>+/+Tg+</sup> and *Tmod1*<sup>-/-Tg+</sup> muscle. Each bar reflects  $n = 4$  lanes. Data are presented as mean  $\pm$  SD. a.u., arbitrary unit.

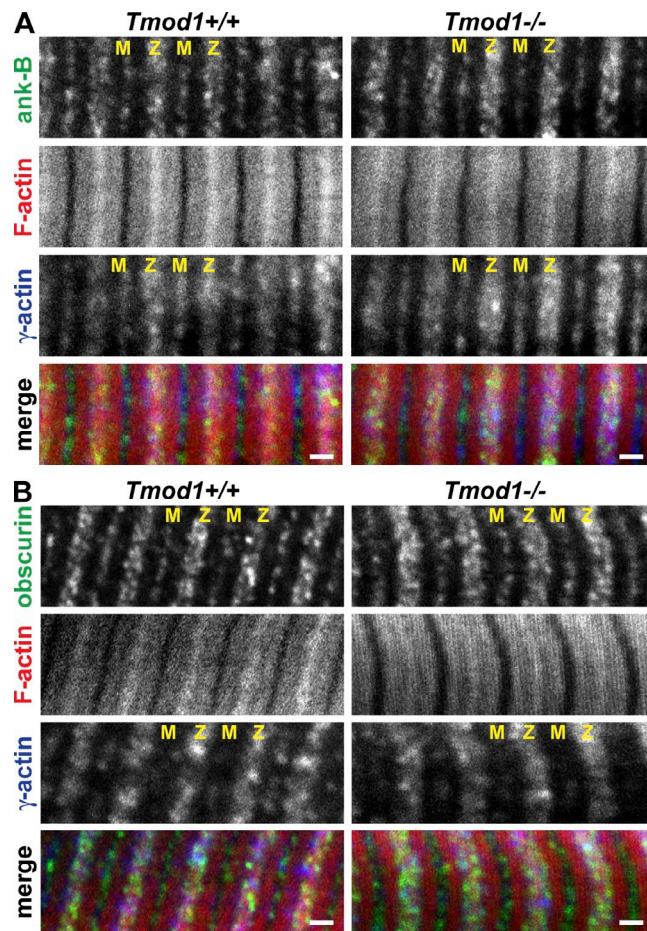


Figure S4. **Deletion of Tmod1 does not alter the localization of ankyrin-B or obscurin.** (A and B) Longitudinal cryosections of 1-mo-old TA muscle fibers from *Tmod1*<sup>+/+Ig+</sup> and *Tmod1*<sup>-/-Ig+</sup> mice immunostained for  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin, F-actin, and either ankyrin-B (A) or obscurin (B). M, M line; Z, Z line. Bars, 1  $\mu\text{m}$ .

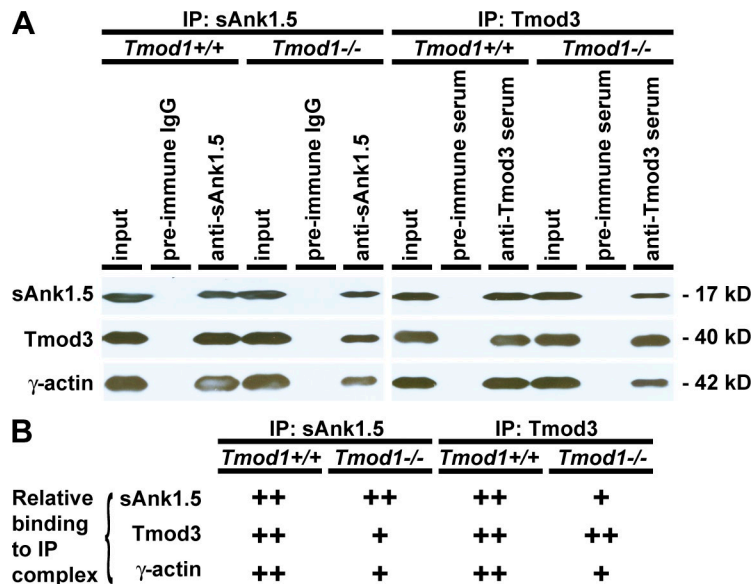


Figure S5. **Negative controls for co-IP experiments showing that the deletion of Tmod1 disrupts the Tmod3- $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin-sAnk1.5 complex.** (A) Western blots of clarified muscle extract (input) coimmunoprecipitated using antibodies against sAnk1.5 or Tmod3 or their respective preimmune negative controls. Note the reduced co-IP of Tmod3,  $\gamma_{\text{cyto}}$ -actin, and sAnk1.5 in *Tmod1*<sup>-/-Ig+</sup> muscle. (B) Semiquantitation of the co-IPs shown in A. IP, immunoprecipitated.

## References

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