Cerqueira et al., http://www.jcb.org/cgi/content/full/jcb.200903033/DC1

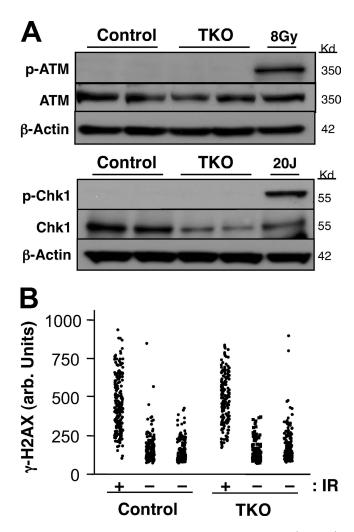


Figure S1. Absence of DNA damage in unperturbed TKO cells. (A) Whole cell extracts from  $Cdk4^{+/+}$ ;  $Cdk2^{+/+}$ ;  $Cdk6^{-/-}$  control and  $Cdk4^{-/-}$ ;  $Cdk6^{-/-}$  TKO MEFs were blotted with antibodies against ATM-Ser<sup>1981</sup>, Chk1-Ser<sup>345</sup>, ATM, or Chk1 as indicated in Materials and methods. As a control, TKO cells were exposed to 8 Gy of IR or 20 joules (J) of UV light. Extracts were prepared 45 min after the treatment. (B) Distribution of the intensity of the phosphorylated  $\gamma$ -H2AX signal per nucleus in two independent populations of asynchronous  $Cdk4^{+/+}$ ;  $Cdk2^{+/+}$ ;  $Cdk6^{-/-}$  control and  $Cdk4^{-/-}$ ;  $Cdk6^{-/-}$  TKO MEFs. (left) As a control, these cells were also exposed to 3 Gy of IR. Samples were analyzed by high throughput microscopy.

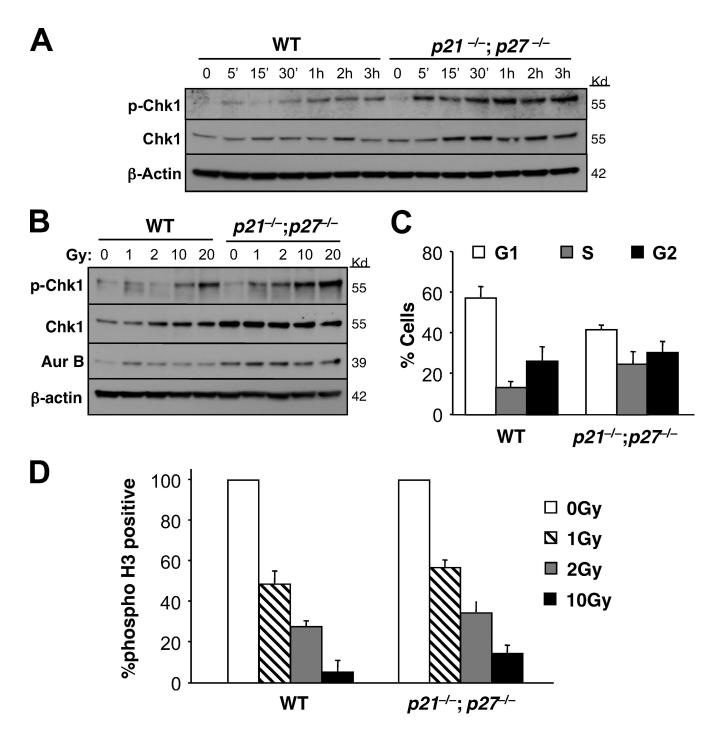


Figure S2. Increased Cdk activity does not enhance the DDR. (A) Whole cell extracts from wild-type (WT) and  $p21^{-/-}$ ;  $p27^{-/-}$  primary MEFs prepared at the indicated them a single dose of 20 Gy.  $p21^{-/-}$ ;  $p27^{-/-}$  MEFs show increased phosphorylation on Chk1-Ser<sup>345</sup>. Total levels of Chk1 are shown as a control. (B) Wild-type and  $p21^{-/-}$ ;  $p27^{-/-}$  primary MEFs were submitted to IR with the indicated doses, and whole cell extracts were prepared after 45 min. Samples were blotted with a phosphospecific antibody against Chk1-Ser<sup>345</sup>. Total Chk1 and AurB are shown as controls to measure protein variations associated to cell cycle progression as indicated in Materials and methods. β-Actin is shown as a loading control. (C) Asynchronous cultures of wild-type and  $p21^{-/-}$ ;  $p27^{-/-}$  primary at the time of IR were analyzed for cell cycle distribution by FACS. (D) Wild-type and  $p21^{-/-}$ ;  $p27^{-/-}$  primary MEFs were submitted to IR with the indicated doses and analyzed by FACS to assess the variation in phospho-H3 positives. Values are represented normalized to untreated controls. Error bars indicate mean  $\pm$  SD (n = 3).

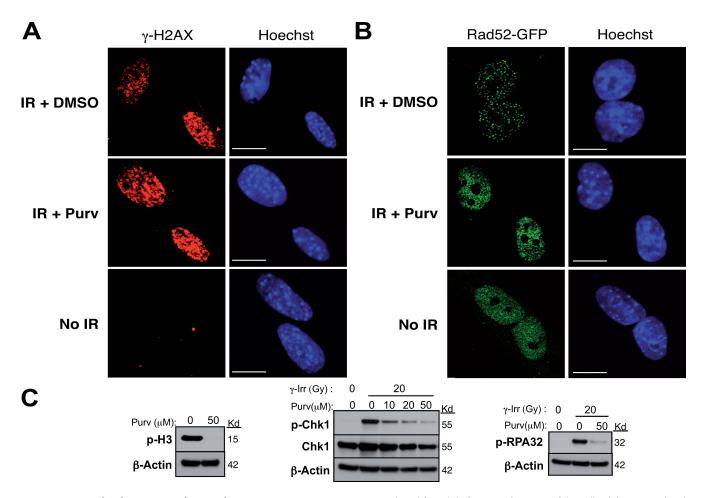


Figure S3. **Purvalanol treatment and DSB end resection.** (A) TKO MEFs were preincubated for 3 h before IR with 50  $\mu$ M of the Cdk inhibitor purvalanol (Purv) or DMSO as a control. The presence of phosphorylated  $\gamma$ -H2AX was analyzed by confocal microscopy 90 min after IR. (B) TKO MEFs were infected with retroviral particles expressing a Rad52-GFP chimera. The cells were preincubated for 3 h before IR with 50  $\mu$ M of the Cdk inhibitor purvalanol or DMSO as a control. The formation of Rad52-GFP foci was analyzed by confocal microscopy 90 min after IR. (C) U2OS cells were incubated for 3 h with the indicated concentrations of the Cdk inhibitor purvalanol and exposed to IR where appropriate. Whole cell extracts were prepared after 45 min. Samples were blotted with a phosphospecific antibody against histone H3–Ser<sup>10</sup> to assess the efficacy of the treatment. Phosphospecific antibodies against Chk1-Ser<sup>345</sup> and RPA32-Ser<sup>4/8</sup> were used to measure the effect on DSB end resection. Bars, 10  $\mu$ M.