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#### RT-PCR

For RT-PCR, total RNA was isolated by the RNeasy midi kit (QIAGEN). PCR primers used in Fig. 1 A are as follows: Gab1 (forward: 5'-cagttacgacattccgc-  
caa-3', reverse: 5'-ggattggctcggtaaagctg-3'; position: 915–1405); Gab2 (forward: 5'-gaagagtactggcagtggtgat-3', reverse: 5'-caaagcaggaagcttttggc-  
3'; position: 3'UTR); Gab3 (forward: 5'-acagcttcacccagtgctga-3', reverse: 5'-gtccagggccaaataatcca-3'; position: 1156–1638); actin (forward: 5'-  
cgtgggcccgcctagggcacc-3', reverse: 5'-ttggccttaggggtcagggggg-3'). PCR primers used in Fig. 2 A are as follows: Gab1 (forward: 5'-ctggctctcacaagcac-  
3'; reverse: 5'-cagctcttcacccgagac-3'; position: 386–1332), Gab2 (forward: 5'-tctgatgacaactacgtgcc-3'; reverse: 5'-ttacagctggcacccttgg-3'; position:  
1309–2001). Gab3 and actin primers used are the same as those in Fig. 1 A. We used the following PCR conditions: first cycle at 95°C for 3 min, fol-  
lowed by seven cycles, with denaturation at 95°C for 30 s and extension at 72°C for 1 min. Within these seven cycles, the annealing temperature was re-  
duced by 1°C per cycle from 62 to 56°C. 28 cycles were then performed (denaturation at 95°C for 30 s, annealing at 56°C for 45 s, and extension at  
72°C for 1 min).

#### The luciferase/GFP reporter assays

The 3'-UTR and its adjacent 200 bp of coding sequence of mouse Gab2 and full-length mouse Gab3 cDNA were subcloned into the pCS2-luciferase vec-  
tor (Yu et al., 2002) to create Gab2 and Gab3 reporters, respectively. A second Gab2 reporter, pCS2-GFP-Gab2-3'-UTR, was generated by replacement  
of the luciferase gene in the pCS2-luciferase-Gab2-3'-UTR construct with GFP. shRNA constructs were cotransfected with either reporter into P19 cells. 48  
h after transfection, luciferase activity was measured and normalized by  $\beta$ -gal activity. GFP expression was monitored by fluorescence microscopy.

#### JNK and p38 in vitro kinase assay

P19 cells were treated with 10 ng/ml bFGF, 1  $\mu$ M RA alone, or in combination for 0, 0.5, 1, 5, and 10 h. 200  $\mu$ g of lysates was immunoprecipitated by  
anti-JNK or anti-phospho-p38 antibody. Immune complexes were washed twice in 1 $\times$ LB, twice in LiCl wash buffer (0.5 M LiCl and 0.1 M Tris-Cl, pH 8.0),  
and once with JNK kinase buffer (20 mM Hepes, pH 7.4, 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM EGTA, 0.2 mM Na<sub>3</sub>VO<sub>4</sub>, 1 mM DTT, and 0.03% Brij 35)  
or p38 kinase buffer (according to the manufacturer's protocol) and resuspended in 25  $\mu$ l of kinase buffer containing 5  $\mu$ Ci of  $\gamma$ -[<sup>32</sup>P]ATP (ICN) and 1  $\mu$ g  
of the corresponding substrate, GST-c-Jun, or ATF-2. Incubation was for 30 min at 30°C. Kinase activity was quantified by a PhosphorImager (Bio-Rad Lab-  
oratories).

## References

- Yu, J.Y., S.L. DeRuiter, and D.L. Turner. 2002. RNA interference by expression of short-interfering RNAs and hairpin RNAs in mammalian cells. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*. 99:6047–6052.